PROPOSED SUDS FEATURES

ATTENUATION BASIN INCORPORATING LOW FLOW CHANNEL, STONE PITCHING & AQUATIC PLANTING

INDICATIVE LOCATION FOR PERMEABLE PAVING

INDICATIVE LOCATION FOR SWALES

TEMPORARY FILTER STRIP

TABLE 17.1 Operation and maintenance requirements for swales

Maintenance schedule	Required action	Typical frequency
Regular maintenance	Remove litter and debris	Monthly, or as required
	Cut grass – to retain grass height within specified design range	Monthly (during growing season), or as required
	Manage other vegetation and remove nuisance plants	Monthly at start, then as required
	Inspect inlets, outlets and overflows for blockages, and clear if required	Monthly
	Inspect infiltration surfaces for ponding, compaction, silt accumulation, record areas where water is ponding for > 48 hours	Monthly, or when required
	Inspect vegetation coverage	Monthly for 6 months, quarterly for 2 years, then half yearly
	Inspect inlets and facility surface for silt accumulation, establish appropriate silt removal frequencies	Half yearly
Occasional maintenance	Reseed areas of poor vegetation growth, alter plant types to better suit conditions, if required	As required or if bare soil is exposed over 10% or more of the swale treatment area
Remedial actions	Repair erosion or other damage by re-turfing or reseeding	As required
	Relevel uneven surfaces and reinstate design levels	As required
	Scarify and spike topsoil layer to improve infiltration performance, break up silt deposits and prevent compaction of the soil surface	As required
	Remove build-up of sediment on upstream gravel trench, flow spreader or at top of filter strip	As required
	Remove and dispose of oils or petrol residues using safe standard practices	As required

TABLE 22.1 Operation and maintenance requirements for detention basins

Maintenance schedule	Required action	Typical frequency
Regular maintenance	Remove litter and debris	Monthly
	Cut grass – for spillways and access routes	Monthly (during growing season), or as required
	Cut grass – meadow grass in and around basin	Half yearly (spring – before nesting season, and autumn)
	Manage other vegetation and remove nuisance plants	Monthly (at start, then as required)
	Inspect inlets, outlets and overflows for blockages, and clear if required.	Monthly
	Inspect banksides, structures, pipework etc for evidence of physical damage	Monthly
	Inspect inlets and facility surface for silt accumulation. Establish appropriate silt removal frequencies.	Monthly (for first year), then annually or as required
	Check any penstocks and other mechanical devices	Annually
	Tidy all dead growth before start of growing season	Annually
	Remove sediment from inlets, outlet and forebay	Annually (or as required)
	Manage wetland plants in outlet pool – where provided	Annually (as set out in Chapter 23)
Occasional maintenance	Reseed areas of poor vegetation growth	As required
	Prune and trim any trees and remove cuttings	Every 2 years, or as required
	Remove sediment from inlets, outlets, forebay and main basin when required	Every 5 years, or as required (likely to be minimal requirements where effective upstream source control is provided)
Remedial actions	Repair erosion or other damage by reseeding or re-turfing	As required
	Realignment of rip-rap	As required
	Repair/rehabilitation of inlets, outlets and overflows	As required
	Relevel uneven surfaces and reinstate design levels	As required

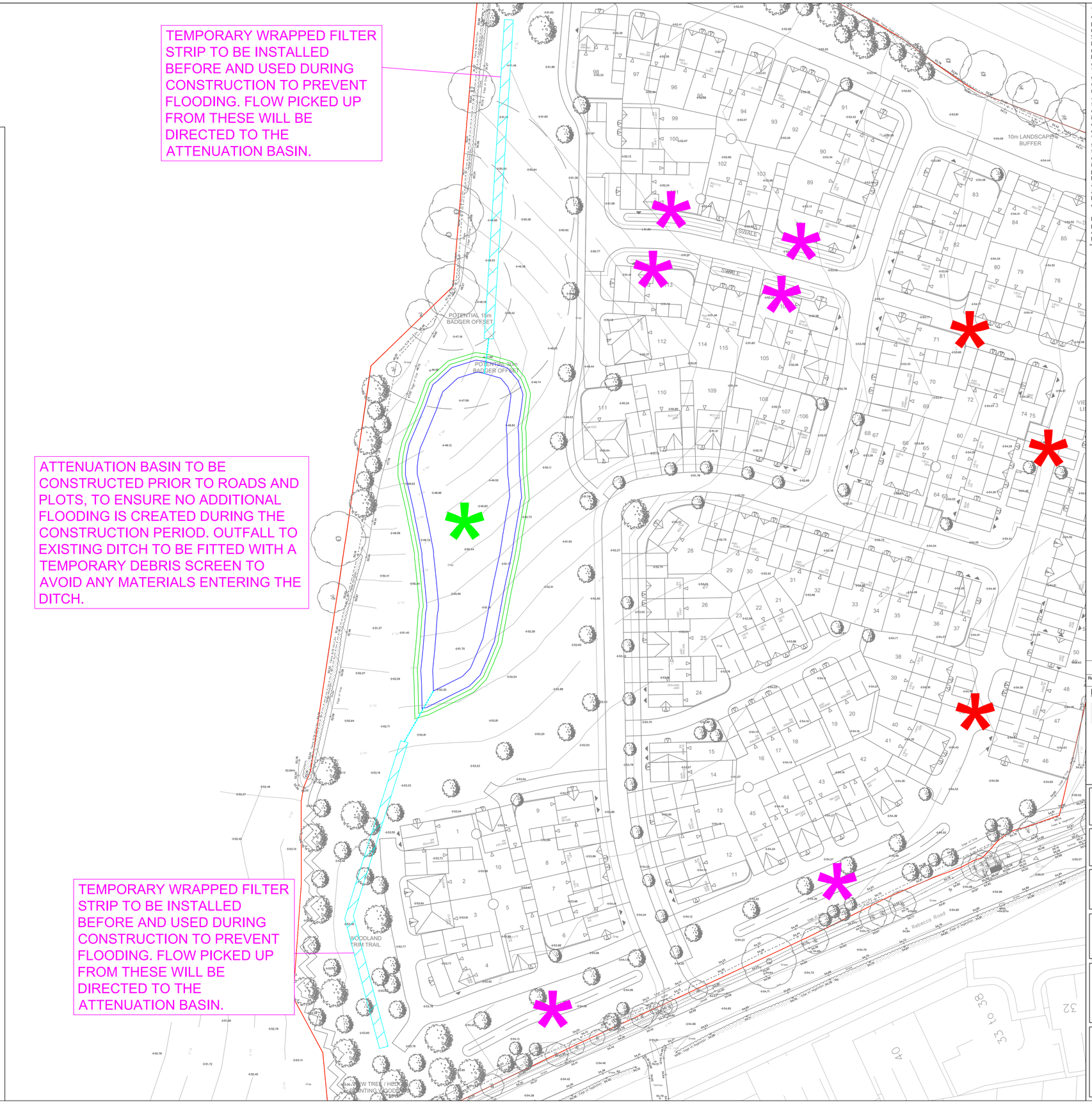
TABLE 20.15 Operation and maintenance requirements for pervious pavements

Maintenance schedule	Required action	Typical frequency
Regular maintenance	Brushing and vacuuming (standard cosmetic sweep over whole surface)	Once a year, after autumn leaf fall, or reduced frequency as required, based on site-specific observations of clogging or manufacturer's recommendations – pay particular attention to areas where water runs onto pervious surface from adjacent impermeable areas as this area is most likely to collect the most sediment
Occasional maintenance	Stabilise and mow contributing and adjacent areas	As required
	Removal of weeds or management using glyphosate applied directly into the weeds by an applicator rather than spraying	As required – once per year on less frequently used pavements
Remedial Actions	Remediate any landscaping which, through vegetation maintenance or soil slip, has been raised to within 50 mm of the level of the paving	As required
	Remedial work to any depressions, rutting and cracked or broken blocks considered detrimental to the structural performance or a hazard to users, and replace lost jointing material	As required
	Rehabilitation of surface and upper substructure by remedial sweeping	Every 10 to 15 years or as required (if infiltration performance is reduced due to significant clogging)
Monitoring	Initial inspection	Monthly for three months after installation
	Inspect for evidence of poor operation and/or weed growth – if required, take remedial action	Three-monthly, 48 h after large storms in first six months
	Inspect silt accumulation rates and establish appropriate brushing frequencies	Annually
	Monitor inspection chambers	Annually

TEMPORARY WRAPPED FILTER STRIP TO BE INSTALLED BEFORE AND USED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT FLOODING. FLOW PICKED UP FROM THESE WILL BE DIRECTED TO THE ATTENUATION BASIN.

ATTENUATION BASIN TO BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO ROADS AND PLOTS, TO ENSURE NO ADDITIONAL FLOODING IS CREATED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. OUTFALL TO EXISTING DITCH TO BE FITTED WITH A TEMPORARY DEBRIS SCREEN TO AVOID ANY MATERIALS ENTERING THE DITCH.

TEMPORARY WRAPPED FILTER STRIP TO BE INSTALLED BEFORE AND USED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT FLOODING. FLOW PICKED UP FROM THESE WILL BE DIRECTED TO THE ATTENUATION BASIN.



The Contractor is to check and verify all building and site dimensions, levels and sewer invert levels at connection points before work starts. The Contractor is to comply in all respects with current Building Legislation, British Standard Specifications , Building Regulations, Construction (Design & Management) Regulations, Party Wall Act, etc. whether or not specifically stated on this drawing. This drawing must be read with and checked against any structural, geotechnical or other specialist documentation provided. This drawing is not intended to show details of foundations, ground conditions or ground contaminants. Each area of ground relied upon to support any structure depicted (including drainage) must be investigated by the Contractor. A suitable method of foundation should be provided allowing for existing ground conditions. Any suspect or fluid ground, contaminates on or within the ground, should be further investigated by a suitable expert. Any earthwork constructions shown indicate typical slopes for guidance only & should be further investigated by a suitable expert. Where existing trees / structures are to be retained they should be subject to a full specialist inspection for safety. All trees are to be planted so as to ensure they are a minimum of 5 metres from buildings. A suitable method of foundation is to be provided to accommodate the proposed tree planting.

N

Rev	Description	Date	Drawn	Check

Revisions:

Lioncourt Homes

RACE RESIDENTIAL & COMMERCIAL ENGINEERING

Drawing Status: FOR INITIAL DISCUSSION/REVIEW PURPOSES ONLY.

Client: LIONCOURT HOMES

Project: REBECCA ROAD, PERSHORE

Title: SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Job Number. RACE/LCH/RRP

Drawing No. P_ENG_005

Revision. #

Scale: 1:500 @ A1

Date: JULY '24

Drawn by: JS

Checked by: LE

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